

OUR GREAT LOSS

Death of President Lincoln.

The Songs of Victory Drowned in Sorrow.

CLOSING SCENES OF A NOBLE LIFE.

The Great Sorrow of an Afflicted Nation.

Party Differences Forgotten in Public Grief.

Vice-President Johnson Inaugurated as Chief Executive.

MR. SEWARD WILL RECOVER.

John Wilkes Booth Believed to be the Assassin.

Manifestations of the People Throughout the Country.

OFFICIAL DISPATCHES.

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, April 15—4:10 A. M.

To Major-Gen. Dix:

The President continues insensible and is sinking.

Secretary Seward remains without change.

FREDERICK SEWARD'S skull is fractured in two places, besides a severe cut upon the head.

The attendant is still alive, but hopeless.

MAJ. SEWARD'S wound is not dangerous.

It is now ascertained with reasonable certainty that two assassins were engaged in the horrible crime, WILKES BOOTH being the one that shot the President, and the other companion of his whose name is not known, but whose description is so clear that he can hardly escape. It appears from a letter found in BOOTH'S trunk that the murder was planned before the 14th of March, but fell through then because the accomplices backed out until "Richmond could be heard from." BOOTH and his accomplice were at the ferry stable at six o'clock last evening, and left there with their horses about ten o'clock, or shortly before that hour.

It would seem that they had for several days been seeking their chance, but for some unknown reason it was not carried into effect until last night.

One of them has evidently made his way to Baltimore—the other has not yet been traced.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, APRIL 15.

Major-Gen. Dix:

ABRAHAM LINCOLN died this morning at twenty-two minutes after seven o'clock.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, APRIL 15—3 P. M.

Major-Gen. Dix, New-York:

Official notice of the death of the late President, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, was given by the heads of departments this morning to ANDREW JOHNSON, Vice-President, upon whom the constitution devolved the office of President. MR. JOHNSON, upon receiving this notice, appeared before the Hon. SALMON P. CHASE, Chief Justice of the United States, and took the oath of office, as President of the United States, assumed its duties and functions. At 12 o'clock the President met the heads of departments in cabinet meeting, at the Treasury Building, and among other business the following was transacted:

First—The arrangements for the funeral of the late President were referred to the several Secretaries, as far as relates to their respective departments.

Second—WILLIAM HUYER, Esq., was appointed Acting Secretary of State during the disability of Mr. SEWARD, and his son, FREDERICK SEWARD, the Assistant Secretary.

Third—The President formally announced that he desired to retain the present Secretaries of departments of his Cabinet, and they would go on and discharge their respective duties in the same

manner as before the deplorable event that had changed the head of the government.

All business in the departments was suspended during the day.

The surgeons report that the condition of Mr. SEWARD remains unchanged. He is doing well. No improvement in Mr. FREDERICK SEWARD.

The murderers have not yet been apprehended.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, APRIL 15.

Additional Details of the Lamentable Event.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 15.

The assassin of President LINCOLN left behind him his hat and a spur.

The hat was picked up in the President's box and has been identified by parties to whom it has been shown as the one belonging to the suspected man, and accurately described as the one belonging to the suspected man by other parties, not allowed to see it before describing it.

The spur was dropped upon the stage, and that also has been identified as the one procured at a stable where the same man hired a horse in the evening.

Two gentlemen who went to the Secretary of War to apprise him of the attack on Mr. LINCOLN met at the residence of the former a man muffled in a cloak, who, when accosted by them, hastened away.

It had been Mr. STANTON'S intention to accompany Mr. LINCOLN to the theatre, and occupy the same box, but the press of business prevented.

It therefore seems evident that the aim of the plotters was to paralyze the country by at once striking down the head, the heart and the arm of the country.

As soon as the "dread" events were announced in the streets, Superintendent RICHMOND, and his assistants, were at work to discover the assassin.

In a few moments the telegraph had announced the whole police force of the city.

MAJ. WALLACE and several members of the City Government were soon on the spot and every precaution was taken to preserve order and quiet in the city.

Every street in Washington was patrolled at the request of Mr. RICHMOND.

Gen. AGOUR sent horses to mount the police.

Every road leading out of Washington was strongly picketed, and every possible avenue of escape was thoroughly guarded.

Steamboats about to depart down the Potomac were stopped.

The Daily Chronicle says:

"As it is suspected that this conspiracy originated in Maryland, the telegraph flashed the mournful news to Baltimore and all the cavalry was immediately put upon active duty. Every road was picketed and every precaution taken to prevent the escape of the assassin. A preliminary examination was made by Messrs. RICHMOND and his assistants. Several persons were called to testify and the evidence as elicited before an informal tribunal, and not under oath, was conclusive to this point. The murderer of President LINCOLN was JOHN WILKES BOOTH. His hat was found in the private box, and identified by several persons who had seen him within the last two days, and the spur which he dropped by accident, after he jumped to the stage, was identified as one of those which he had obtained from the stable where he hired his horse.

This man BOOTH has played more than once at Ford's Theatre, and is, of course, acquainted with its exits and entrances, and the facility with which he escaped behind the scenes is well understood.

This is indeed a day of gloom.

Reports prevail that Mr. FREDERICK W. SEWARD, who was kindly assisting the nursing of Secretary SEWARD, received a stab in the back. His shoulder blade prevented the knife or dagger from penetrating into his body. The prospects are that he will recover.

A report is circulated, repeated by almost everybody, that BOOTH was captured fifteen miles this side of Baltimore. If it be true, as asserted, that the War Department has received such information, it will doubtless be officially promulgated.

The government departments are closed by order, and will be draped with the usual emblems of mourning.

The roads leading to and from the city are guarded by the military, and the utmost circumspection is observed as to all attempting to enter or leave the city.

At 7:20 o'clock the President breathed his last, closing his eyes as if falling to sleep, and his countenance assuming an expression of perfect serenity. There were no indications of pain, and it was not known that he was dead until the gradually decreasing respiration ceased altogether.

Rev. Dr. GURLEY, of the New-York Avenue Presbyterian Church, immediately on its being ascertained that life was extinct, knelt at the bedside and offered an impressive prayer, which was responded to by all present.

Dr. GURLEY then proceeded to the front parlor, where Mrs. LINCOLN, Capt. ROBERT LINCOLN, Mrs. JOHN HAY, the Private Secretary, and others, were waiting, where he again offered a prayer for the consolation of the family.

The following minutes, taken by Dr. ABBOTT, show the condition of the late President throughout the night:

11 o'clock—Pulse 64.

11:30 o'clock—Pulse 45, and growing weaker.

11:40 o'clock—Pulse 43.

11:50 o'clock—Pulse 42.

11:50 o'clock—Pulse 45; respiration 37 to 23.

11:55 o'clock—Pulse 42.

12:00 o'clock—Pulse 45, and full.

12:05 o'clock—Pulse 45.

12:10 o'clock—Pulse 45; respiration 22.

12:15 o'clock—Pulse 45; respiration 22.

12:20 o'clock—Pulse 45; respiration 21—schmooz.

12:25 o'clock—Pulse 45.

12:30 o'clock—Pulse 45.

12:35 o'clock—Pulse 46.

12:40 o'clock—Pulse 69; right eye much swollen, and schmooz.

12:45 o'clock—Pulse 70.

12:50 o'clock—Pulse 80; struggling motion of arms.

1 o'clock—Pulse 85; respiration 30.

1:30 o'clock—Pulse 50; appearing easier.

1:45 o'clock—Pulse 50—very quiet, respiration irregular.

Mrs. LINCOLN present.

2:10 o'clock—Mrs. LINCOLN retired with ROBERT LINCOLN to an adjoining room.

2:30 o'clock—President very quiet—pulse 54—respiration 28.

2:50 o'clock—Pulse 48—respiration 30.

3 o'clock—Visited again by Mrs. LINCOLN.

3:25 o'clock—Respiration 24 and regular.

3:35 o'clock—Prayer by Rev. Dr. GURLEY.

4 o'clock—Respiration 26 and regular.

4:15 o'clock—Pulse 60—respiration 23.

5:30 o'clock—Respiration 28—regular—sleeping.

6 o'clock—Pulse falling—respiration 28.

6:30 o'clock—Still falling and labored breathing.

7 o'clock—Symptoms of immediate dissolution.

7:22 o'clock—Death.

Surrounding the death-bed of the President were Secretaries Stanton, Welles, Usher, Attorney-General Spross, Postmaster-General Dennison, M. B. Field, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, Judge Otto, Assistant Secretary of the Interior; Gen. Halleck, Gen. Meigs, Senator Sumner, R. F. Andrews, of New-York; Gen. Todd, of Dakota; John Hay, Private Secretary; Gov. Oglesby, of Illinois; Gen. Farnsworth, Mrs. and Miss Kenney, Miss Harris, Capt. Robert Lincoln, son of the President, and Doctors E. W. Abbott, R. E. Stone, C. D. Gatch, Neal Hall, and Mr. Lieberman. Secretary McCulloch remained with the President until about 5 o'clock, and Chief Justice Chase, after several hours' attendance during the night, returned early this morning.

Immediately after the President's death a Cabinet meeting was called by Secretary STANTON, and held in the room in which the corpse lay. Secretaries STANTON, WELLES and CHASE, Postmaster-General DENNISON, and Attorney-General SPROSS, were present. The results of the conference are as yet unknown.

Removal of the Remains to the Executive Mansion—Feeling in the City.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 15.

The President's body was removed from the private residence opposite Ford's Theatre to the executive mansion this morning at 9:30 o'clock, in a hearse, and wrapped in the American flag. It was escorted by a small guard of cavalry, Gen. AGOUR and other military officers following on foot.

A dense crowd accompanied the remains to the White House, where a military guard excluded the crowd, allowing none but persons of the household and personal friends of the deceased to enter the premises. Senator YATES and Representative FARNSWORTH being among the number admitted.

The body is being embalmed, with a view to its removal to Illinois.

Flags over the department and throughout the city are at half-mast. Scarcely any business is being transacted anywhere either on private or public account.

Our citizens, without any preconcert whatever, are draping their premises with festoons of mourning.

The bells are tolling mournfully. All is the deepest gloom and sadness. Strong men weep in the streets. The grief is wide-spread and deep and in strange contrast to the joy so lately manifested on our recent military victories.

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Unappreciated, the mist not yet being ready to be spring.

The Extra Intelligence says: "From the evidence obtained it rendered highly probable that the man who stabbed Mr. SEWARD and his son, is James S. GARR, of Prince George County, Maryland. The horse he rode was shod at Norton's stable, on Fourteenth street. Squires is a young man, with light hair and eyes. His father is said to have been postmaster of Prince George County."

About 11 o'clock last night two men crossed the Anacostia Bridge, one of whom gave his name as Boon, and the other as Swain. The latter is believed to be JEAN BAPTISTE.

Last night a riderless horse was found, which has been identified by the proprietor of one of the stables previously mentioned as having been hired from his establishment.

Accounts are conflicting as to whether Boon crossed the bridge on horseback or on foot; but as it is believed that he rode across it, it is presumed that he had exchanged his horse.

From information in the possession of the authorities it is believed that the scope of the plot was intended to be much more comprehensive.

The Vice-President and other prominent members of the Administration were particularly inquired for by suspected parties, and their private localities accurately ascertained; but, providentially, in their cases, the scheme miscarried.

A boat was at once sent down the Potomac to notify the gunboats on the river of the awful crime, in order that all possible means should be taken for the arrest of the perpetrators.

The most ample precautions have been taken, and it is not believed the spirits will long succeed in evading the overruling arm of justice.

The second extra of the Evening Star says:

Col. INGERSOLL, Provost-Marshal of the District of Columbia, is engaged in taking trail money in day, all of which falls the assassination upon J. WILKES BOOTH.

James Ows, of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, and Justice MILLER, are also engaged to-day at the Police Headquarters, on Tench street, in taking the testimony of a large number of witnesses.

Least Traces of Col. FOZAN'S staff, last seen proceeded to the National Hotel, where Boon was seen stopping, and took possession of his trunk. It was found a Colonel's military dress-coat, two pairs of handkerchiefs, two boxes of cartridges and a package of letters, all of which are now in the possession of the military authorities.

One of these letters, bearing the date of Hocktown, Md., seems to implicate Boon. The writer speaks of "the mysterious affair in which you are engaged," and urges Boon to proceed to Richmond, and ascertain the views of the authorities there upon the subject. The writer of the letter endeavors to persuade Boon from carrying his designation to execution at that time, for the reason, as the writer alleges, that the government had its suspicions aroused. One of the members of the Cabinet remarked to-day he met at the door, that the government was to-day stronger than it had been for three years past."

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 15—2:30 P. M.

To-day no one is allowed to leave the city by rail, and the heads of the departments of the Department of Washington has been suspended by Gen. AGOUR.

Probable Attempt of the Assassins to Escape into Canada—Order from the War Department.

(Circular.)

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C.—9:10 A. M., April 15.

It is believed that the assassins of the President and Secretary SEWARD are attempting to escape to Canada. You will make careful and thorough examination of all persons attempting to cross from the United States into Canada, and will arrest all suspicious persons. The most vigilant scrutiny on your part, and the force at your disposal, is demanded. A description of the parties appears to be implicated in the murder will be telegraphed to you to-day. Not in the meantime be active in preventing the crossing of any suspicious persons.

By order of the Secretary of War,

N. L. JEFFERS, Chief Brig. Gen., Acting Provost-Marshal General.

MR. SEWARD AND SON.

Secretary Seward will Recover—Frederick Seward Still Very Low.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 15.

MR. SEWARD will recover.

FREDERICK SEWARD is still unconscious. He breathes calmly and has an easy pulse. His head is dreadfully swollen and lacerated.

An invalid soldier nurse saved Mr. SEWARD'S life.

GEN. GRANT'S MOVEMENTS.

PENNSYLVANIA, Saturday, April 15.

Gen. GRANT arrived in this city last night on his way to Jersey, but was intercepted on his way to Walnut-street wharf, by a dispatch from the office of the Associated Press, and it is supposed he returned to Washington immediately.

His return to Washington—Dispatch from Mrs. Grant.

BOSTON, N. J., Saturday, April 15.

Lieut. Gen. GRANT left Burlington for Washington, at 6 o'clock this morning.

MRS. U. S. GRANT.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 15.

Gen. GRANT, who left yesterday for New-Jersey, and who was informed of the assassination as he was leaving Philadelphia this morning, arrived here in a special train about noon, and immediately proceeded to the President's house.

The Theatres.

Dispatches from Boston announce that all the theatres to that city will be closed until further notice.

In this city a movement of the same kind has been inaugurated, Fox's Old Bowery Theatre will be closed this evening.

THE SUCCESSION.

Mr. Johnson Inaugurated as President.

The Oath Administered by Secretary Chase.

He Will Perform His Duties Trusting in God.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 15—12 A. M.

ANDREW JOHNSON was sworn into office as President of the United States by Chief Justice CHASE, at eleven o'clock.

Secretaries McCULLOUGH and Attorney-General SPROSS, and others were present.

He remarked:

"The duties are mine. I will perform them, trusting in God."

SECOND DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 15.

At an early hour this morning, Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War, sent an official communication to Hon. ANDREW JOHNSON, Vice-President of the United States, that in consequence of the sudden and unexpected death of the Chief Magistrate, his inauguration should take place as soon as possible, and requesting him to state the place and hour at which the ceremony should be performed.

MR. JOHNSON immediately replied that it would be agreeable to him to have the proceedings take place at his rooms in the Kirkwood House as soon as the arrangements could be perfected.

Chief Justice CHASE was informed of the fact and repaired to the appointed place in company with Secretary McCULLOUGH, of the Treasury Department, Attorney-General BREXIN, J. P. BLAIR, Sr., Hon. MONTGOMERY BLAIR, Senators FORT, of Vermont, RAMSAY, of Minnesota, YATES, of Illinois, STEWART, of Nevada, HALE, of New Hampshire, and Gen. FARNSWORTH, of Illinois.

At eleven o'clock the oath of office was administered by the Chief Justice of the United States in his usual solemn and impressive manner.

MR. JOHNSON received the kind expressions of the gentlemen by whom he was surrounded in a manner which showed his earnest sense of the great responsibilities so suddenly devolved upon him, and made a brief speech, in which he said:

"The duties of the office are mine. I will perform them. The consequences are with God. Gentlemen, I shall lean upon you, I feel that I shall need your support. I am deeply impressed with the solemnity of the occasion and the responsibility of the duties of the office—am assuming."

MR. JOHNSON appeared to be in remarkably good health, and has a high and realizing sense of the hopes that are centred upon him. His manner was solemn and dignified, and his whole bearing produced a most gratifying impression upon those who participated in the ceremonies.

It is probable that during the day President JOHNSON will issue his first proclamation to the American people.

It is expected, though nothing has been definitely determined upon, that the funeral of the late President LINCOLN will take place on or about Thursday next. It is supposed that his remains will be temporarily deposited in the Congressional Cemetery.

FROM RICHMOND.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 15.

The Richmond Whig of yesterday, contains the following:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, Richmond, Va., April 15, 1865.

Owing to recent events, the permission for the assembling of the gentlemen recently acting as the Legislature of Virginia, is rescinded. Should any of the gentlemen come to the city under the notice of assembling already published, they will be furnished passports to return to their homes. Any of the persons named in the call signed by J. A. CASE and others, who are found in the city, twelve hours after the publication of this notice, will be subject to arrest, unless they are residents of this city.

E. O. C. ORD, Maj. Gen., Commanding the Department.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, ARMY OF THE JAMES, RICHMOND, VA., APRIL 15, 1865.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 37.—Provost-Marshal will grant no passes to citizens from the North or to officers to come to this city, except on orders from the President, the Secretary of War, Lieut. Gen. GRANT or the Department Commander.

Officers and soldiers now in the city will return to their respective commands at once, or be subject to arrest and confinement.

The Provost-Marshal-General is charged with the execution of this order.

By command of Maj. Gen. ORD.

E. W. SWAIN, Assistant Adjutant-General.

The War says: Maj. Gen. GOVERNOR WATSON, commanding the Twenty-fourth Army Corps and Commander of the forces occupying Richmond, has been relieved from his command, and assigned to Petersburg and vicinity. Maj. Gen. E. O. C. ORD, commanding the Army of the James, assumes command of this department.

The report that Gen. R. E. LEE arrived in this city on Wednesday evening, was incorrect. The statement originated in the fact that Gen. CURRIS LEE had reached the city on a visit to his mother, Mrs. R. E. LEE. CURRIS LEE is a prisoner in the hands of the Union army, and, being at City Point, was kindly permitted to come to this city to see his mother, who was reported to be in ill-health.

The whereabouts of Gen. ROSS E. LEE is not known here—at least, not outside of official circles. He is daily expected at Richmond.

FRENCH.

St. Louis, Friday, April 15.

Maj. Gen. BAXES and family left this morning for New-Orleans.

THE NATIONAL CALAMITY.

Popular Feeling in New-York and the Country.

REMARKABLE MEETING IN WALL-STREET

Speeches of Representative Men.

Doings of the City Council and